

WORKSHEET 1



1.	Mak	Make sentences using the following phrases:						
	(a)	in the beginning						
	(b)	a slice of bread						
	(c)	at the zoo						
	(<i>d</i>)	a very friendly man						
	(e)	at this point of time						
2.	Fill i	n the blanks with suitable Abstract Nouns.						
	(a)	The king was loved by everyone for his						
	(<i>b</i>)	Gandhiji believed in						
	(c)	Our soldiers are known for their						
	(<i>d</i>)	Tom and John are friends.						
	(e)	There are many ponds in our						
	(<i>f</i>)	He has a vast of the Hindu scriptures.						
	(g)	India got its in the year 1947.						
	(<i>h</i>)	It is my to be the special guest in the program.						
3.		rite the sentences by changing the singular nouns to their plural as. Make the necessary changes.						
	(a)	I saw a bird building its nest.						
	(b)	My child loves to watch cartoons.						





	(c)	We saw a spotted deer in the park.
	(<i>d</i>)	The fat woman ran after her puppy.
	(e)	The fireman put out the fire.
	(<i>f</i>)	The girl tied a red scarf.
	(g)	The hunter was chasing the goose.
	(<i>h</i>)	Her daughter-in-law is pretty.
4.	Fill i	n the blanks with distributive pronouns.
	(a)	of the teams could win the trophy.
	(<i>b</i>)	of them has been asked to attend the meeting.
	(c)	of them is worthy of the praise.
	(<i>d</i>)	of the two girls watched television.
	(e)	Ron or John has watched the show.
5.	Fill i	n the blanks with suitable Articles.
	(a)	Is that ancient temple?
	(<i>b</i>)	It is honour to be present here.
	(c)	A man is walking down the road. There is a big dog with man.
	(<i>d</i>)	China is most populous country in world.
	(e)	Metro Railway is quicker then local buses.
	(<i>f</i>)	U.S.A. has world's largest country.
	(g)	All boys in this class are obedient.
	(<i>h</i>)	Man is social animal.
	<i>(i)</i>	Sachin Tendulkar is called Bradman of Indian Cricket.
	<i>(j)</i>	moral of this story is 'Unity is Strength'.
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6.	Mak	te a sentence with each of the following plural Countable Nouns. (in bold)
	(a)	several (trophies)
	(<i>b</i>)	three (years)
	(c)	many (monuments)
	(<i>d</i>)	many (mountains)
	(e)	few (exercises)
	(<i>f</i>)	all (apple)
	(g)	several (books)
	(<i>h</i>)	eight (boys)
	<i>(i)</i>	three (years)
7.		in the blanks with the correct simple present forms of the verbs in the ekets.
	(a)	Many pages from this diary (be) missing.
	(<i>b</i>)	None of these players (be) from India.
	(c)	Tom and Jerry (be) a popular cartoon on television.
	(<i>d</i>)	The characters Tom and Jerry (be) very popular among children.
	(e)	The tourist guide (speak) English but his accent (be) is not clear.
	(<i>f</i>)	Neither of the boys (admit) having broken the cricket bat,
	• /	though everybody (feel) either of them (have)
	<u> </u>	broken it. Global English Worksheets-7

	(g)	Most of the news channels on television (telecast) global news.								
	(<i>h</i>)	The lamp at the far end of the street (glow) all night.								
	<i>(i)</i>	Peter (go) for a walk every evening.								
	<i>(j)</i>	That shopkeeper (earn) a lot.								
8.	Write three answers to each question using the modal verbs given in brackets. One has been done for you.									
	What would you do if you see an old lady trying to cross the road? (should, could, must)									
	Exan	nple: I should at once go forward and help her.								
8. \\(\begin{array}{c} () \\ (I could carry her heavy bags.								
		I must be very careful.								
	(a)	What would you do if you see a shop on fire? (should, could, must)								
	(b)	Why do you think the public library is closed on Monday? (might, must, could)								
	(c)	Why do you think Mina always uses a head scarf? (must, could, may)								
	(<i>d</i>)	Why do you think that your father is furious? (must, may, could)								





•	(e)	Why do you think that your dog has been barking the whole might? (might, could, must)						
9.	Fill in	the blanks with a suitable indefinite pronoun given in the brackets.						
	(a)	I looked for my pen but could not find it						
		(nowhere, somewhere, everywhere, anywhere)						
	(<i>b</i>)	Is there at the gate? (many, someone, few)						
	(c)	The Principal called for a meeting and turned up in time.						
		(no one, many)						
	(<i>d</i>)	The girl had much to say at the meeting.						
		(something, nothing, everything)						
	(e)	in this room belonged to my rich grandmother.						
		(nothing, everything)						
10.	Rewr	ite these sentences as negative statements.						
	(a)	I have always travelled by train.						
	(b)	My sister cooks well.						
	(c)	Maya has been obedient.						
	(<i>d</i>)	Everybody in this room can speak Hindi.						
	(e)	Everyone in the neighbourhood has seen the burglar.						





WORKSHEET 2



1.	Identify	the	kinds	of t	the	und	erlined	p	hrases.
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(a)	The old man walked <u>extremely slowly</u> .
(b)	It started raining quite suddenly.
(c)	The game was very <u>interesting and exciting</u> .
(<i>d</i>)	Hari was <u>in a hurry</u> to reach school.
(e)	My mother bought a blender for the kitchen.

Read the following sentences in Simple Present Tense and rewrite them in 2. simple Past (SP) and Simple Future (SF) form. One has been done for you.

Example: She goes to bed early. She went to bed early. She will go to bed early.

(a)	My mother knits cardigans.
	(SP):
	(SF):

Sam plays the guitar every morning.

(c) Our teacher rewards all the bright students. (SP):

(SF):____







	(d)	Jack climb up the hill to play with the sheep. (SP):							
	(e)	(SF): The gardener waters the plants regularly. (SP):							
		(SF):							
3.	Rev	vrite the sentences in the passive voice.							
	(a)	The private tutor praised the students.							
	(b)	My mother watered all the plants in the garden.							
	(c)	My neighbour warned the naughty boy.							
	(<i>d</i>)	My parents hugged me at the airport.							
	(e)	Tejas has painted this beautiful portrait.							
	(<i>f</i>)	The examiner checked the answer sheets.							
	(g)	The principal of the school rewarded all the meritorious students.							
	(<i>h</i>)	(h) My sister bakes delicious cakes and pastries.							
4.	Und	lerline the Adverbs in the following sentences and state their kinds.							
	(a)	Tejas performs well on stage.							
	(<i>b</i>)	My father walks fast.							
	(c)	Where is your house?							
	(<i>d</i>)	Please come inside.							
	(e)	I always spend quality time with my parents.							
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	(<i>f</i>)	We had our dinner early.							
	(g)	I often visit my grandparents.							
	(<i>h</i>)	How did you cross the river?							
	<i>(i)</i>	His voice changed suddenly.							
	(<i>j</i>)	She will come tomorrow.							
5.	Fill i	n the blanks with suitable prepositions.							
	(a)	Raj distributed warm blankets all the poor children.							
	(<i>b</i>)	Look the beautiful portrait.							
	(c)	The poor dog was stuck a truck and a bike.							
	(<i>d</i>)	I have been reading morning.							
	(e)	We wear woollen clothes winter.							
	(<i>f</i>)	The burglary took place the night.							
	(g)	My friends went out night.							
	(<i>h</i>)	He walked five hours and reached the railway station.							
	<i>(i)</i>	She walked a mile reach her school.							
	<i>(j)</i>	She plucked a flower the plant and kept it the vase.							
6.		Join the sentences. Using corrective conjunctions given in brackets. One has been done for you.							
	Exan	The soup was hot. I burnt my tongue (so that) The soup was so hot that I burnt my tongue.							
	(a)	Carry your raincoat. You can use it when it rains. (so that)							
	(<i>b</i>)	The story was interesting. It was inspiring too. (both and)							
	(c)	I will visit Darjeeling. I will also visit Kalimpong. (not only but also)							
	(<i>d</i>)	The questions were difficult. I could not answer them. (so that)							
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- (e) The food served in this hotel is delicious. It is very reasonably priced. (not only... but also)
- (f) You may purchase the movie tickets online. You may purchase the movie tickets offline. (either... or)

7. Write these sentences in the direct speech.

- (a) Renu said she liked her tea with a lot of sugar.
- (b) The captain said he was excited about the league match.
- (c) My teachers say bad behaviour puts her off.
- (d) I told my neighbours my school was donating old books to the orphans.
- (e) The doctor advised me not to sleep late at night.

8. Write these sentences in the indirect speech.

- (a) Tom said, "I will be sailing next week."
- (b) The musicisn said, "The auditorium is packed."
- (c) My neighbour said, "Will you lend me your story book?"
- (d) My sister said, "I want to go abroad for higher studies."
- (e) Harry said, "Everyone should carry their own sports kit."



WORKSHEET 3



1. Rewrite the following statements with a question tag.

Example: She has parked her bags. She has packed her bags, hasn't she?

- (a) It is a good idea.
- (b) She works hard everyday.
- (c) John plays the guitar well.
- (d) They have gone out for dinner.
- (e) They are excited about the match.
- (f) I wouldn't see the movie yesterday.
- (g) You teach in a school.
- (h) My mother wakes up early.
- 2. Make a sentence with each of the following idioms/proverbs. One has been done for you.

Best of both world: My lazy neighbour always tries to get the best of both worlds.

- (a) to kill two birds with one stone.
- (b) crying over spilt milk





one of her poems. Harry: oh thats great Tom: what is your friends name what is this poem about. Harry: my friends name is Misha this poem is about childhood. Tom: sounds interesting will you read it out to me please. Harry: sure why not. Tom: Harry: Tom: Harry: Harry: Tom: Harry: Harry: Tom: Harry: Harry: Tom: Harry: Harry: Harry: Tom: Harry: Harry: Harry: Harry: Tom: Harry:		(d) burning the midnight oil
stops, question marks or exclamatory marks. Tom : I am reading a poem. Harry : which poem Tom : my friend writes poems she writes very well right now I am reading one of her poems. Harry : oh thats great Tom : what is your friends name what is this poem about. Harry : my friends name is Misha this poem is about childhood. Tom : sounds interesting will you read it out to me please. Harry : sure why not. Tom : Harry : Tom :		(e) see eye to eye
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Antonyms of the words given are hidden in the grid. Find them out.



R	C	S	G		A	D	T
V	A	H	A	P	P	Y	U
$\left(\mathbf{F}\right)$	R	$\left(E\right)$	$\left(E\right)$	$\left[D\right]$	0	M	$\left[X\right]$
$\left(\mathbf{E}\right)$	$\left[E\right]$	W	N	I	F	$\left[Z\right]$	M
A	$\begin{bmatrix} E \end{bmatrix}$	K		$\begin{bmatrix} S \end{bmatrix}$	$\left[T\right]$	I	J
R	U	В	D	$\left[T\right]$	E	0	Q
F	L	Н	G	A	N	P	U
U	$oxed{C}$	V	R	N	S	A	I
L	E	S	S	T	A	R	T

- careless
- near
- fearless
- seldom
- captivity
- sad
- end
- unhappy
- **5.** Form antonyms of the words given by using prefixes like un, in, im, dis, mis. For example: honesty: dishonesty.
 - understand (*a*)
- perfect (*e*)

(*b*) interrupted

- *(f)* active
- important (c)
- (g) like
- possible (*d*)
- Write a synonym for the following words. **6.**
 - (a) hurry

rejoice (g)

(b) merry (*h*) overseas

(c) leave *(i)* jump

difficult (d)

delight

(j)

simple (*e*)

gloomy (*k*)

(f) task (*l*) yell





You are Tejas Singh, Tina Singh, a resident of Green Park, New Delhi. Write a letter to the local councillor complaining about the illegal felling of trees in your neighbourhood.

Sender's address:	
Date:	
Receiver's designation:	
Receiver's address:	
Subject:	
Dear Sir/Madam	
Yours sincerely,	
Signature:	
Full name:	





8.	Write a paragraph on 'Global Warming' You may use the following points.
	Pollution — increase in temperature — cutting down trees — factories — disposal of industrial wastes — toxic chemicals used for agriculture — greenhouse gases — melting of polar ice-caps — threat to ecosystem.





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